How to Install Apache Kafka (Single Node) on Ubuntu and Debian

Apache Kafka is a distributed streaming platform. It is useful for building real-time streaming data pipelines to get data between the systems or applications. Another useful feature is real-time streaming applications that can transform streams of data or react on a stream of data. This tutorial will help you to install Apache Kafka on Ubuntu and Debian systems.

**Step 1 – Prerequisites**

Apache Kafka required Java to run. You must have java installed on your system. Execute below command to install default OpenJDK on your system from the official PPA’s. You can also install the specific version of from [here](https://tecadmin.net/install-openjdk-java-ubuntu/).

sudo apt update

sudo apt install default-jdk

**Step 2 – Download Apache Kafka**

Download the Apache Kafka binary files from its official [download](https://kafka.apache.org/downloads) website. You can also select any nearby mirror to download.

wget http://www-us.apache.org/dist/kafka/2.2.1/kafka\_2.12-2.2.1.tgz

Then extract the archive file

tar xzf kafka\_2.12-2.2.1.tgz

mv kafka\_2.12-2.2.1 /usr/local/kafka

**Step 3 – Start Kafka Server**

Kafka uses ZooKeeper, so first, start a ZooKeeper server on your system. You can use the script available with Kafka to get start single-node ZooKeeper instance.

cd /usr/local/kafka

bin/zookeeper-server-start.sh config/zookeeper.properties

Now start the Kafka server:

bin/kafka-server-start.sh config/server.properties

...

[2018-03-13 10:47:45,989] INFO Kafka version : 1.0.1 (org.apache.kafka.common.utils.AppInfoParser)

[2018-03-13 10:47:45,995] INFO Kafka commitId : c0518aa65f25317e (org.apache.kafka.common.utils.AppInfoParser)

[2018-03-13 10:47:46,006] INFO [KafkaServer id=0] started (kafka.server.KafkaServer)

**Step 4 – Create a Topic in Kafka**

Let’s create a topic named “testTopic” with a single partition and only one replica:

bin/kafka-topics.sh --create --zookeeper localhost:2181 --replication-factor 1 --partitions 1 --topic testTopic

Created topic "testTopic".

The replication-factor describes how many copies of data will be created. As we are running with single instance keep this value 1.

Set the partitions options as the number of brokers you want your data to be split between. As we are running with a single broker keep this value 1.

Now you can see the created topic on Kafka by runnin gthe list topic command:

bin/kafka-topics.sh --list --zookeeper localhost:2181

testTopic

Alternatively, instead of manually creating topics you can also configure your brokers to auto-create topics when a non-existent topic is published to.

**Step 5 – Send Messages to Kafka**

The “producer” is the process responsible for put data into our Kafka. The Kafka comes with a command line client that will take input from a file or from standard input and send it out as messages to the Kafka cluster. The default Kafka send each line as a separate message.

Let’s run the producer and then type a few messages into the console to send to the server.

bin/kafka-console-producer.sh --broker-list localhost:9092 --topic testTopic

>Welcome to kafka

>This is my first topic

>

You can exit this command or keep this terminal running for further testing. Now open a new terminal to the Kafka consumer process on next step.

**Step 6 – Using Kafka Consumer**

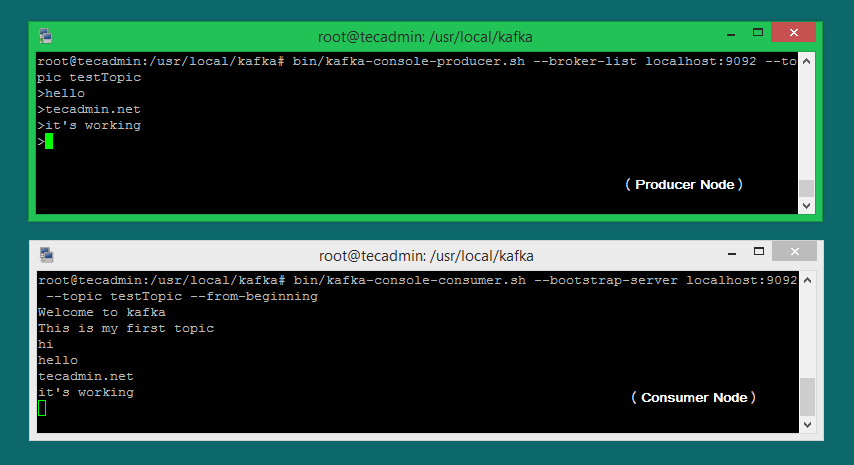
Kafka also has a command line consumer to read data from Kafka cluster and display messages to standard output.

bin/kafka-console-consumer.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092 --topic testTopic --from-beginning

Welcome to kafka

This is my first topic

Now, If you have still running Kafka producer (Step #5) in another terminal. Just type some text on that producer terminal. it will immediately visible on consumer terminal. See the below screenshot of Kafka producer and consumer in working:

[](https://tecadmin.net/wp-content/uploads/2018/03/Apache_Kafka_Producer_Consumer.png)